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Ärende:VB: MedborgarförslagDatum:den 8 januari 2020 13:36:22Bilagor:tourismforgood 2030 KPH.pdf

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Från:

Skickat: den 27 november 2019 15:16

Till: Administration soder@stockholm.se <soder@stockholm.se>

Ämne: Medborgarförslag

Stockholm 2019 11 01

Medborgarförslag Södermalm Stockholm med inriktning Gamla stan.

Förslagsställare:

AirB&B uthyrning och ombildande till Hostel i GS/Södermalm

Idag bor ca. 3000 personer i Gamla stan minskningen har varit relative liten senaste 10 åren men som alltid finns det en framtid med långsiktigt agerande som ledstjärna.

Den framtiden skramlar oroväckande för den sociodemografiska sammansättningen i GS. Allt fler fastigheter och lägenheter omvandlas till AirB&B och Hostel pga. ökat tryck från turistindustrin.

Följden blir en avfolkning av fast boende som svarar för en hållbar och fungerande stadsmiljö med skola, dagis, bibliotek, äldreboende och annan social service.

När ett stort kapital från investerare gör sitt intrång i stadsbilden skapar det två olägenheter.

Den dramatiskt ökade turismen riskerar också att slita ned ett av Sveriges rikaste kulturarv.

- 1. Priser på lägenheter skjuter i höjden vilket omöjliggör en fast bosättning (folkbokföra sig)för privatpersoner. Det ökande intresset från investerare gör också att tillgången på marknaden för bostäder minskar radikalt.
- 2. Kittet i ett samhälle är att företagsamhet, service och utbud finns att tillgå. Med ökad turism anpassas dessa funktioner till besökare

(turism) eller försvinner helt. Kvar blir ett tomt skal som sakta torkar ihop.

Bostadsbristen i Stockholm är väl känd. Frågan inställer sig då osökt - vem är bostäderna i GS till för? Turister eller boende medborgare?

Åtgärder som skyndsamt borde implementeras Kvotera antalet AirB&B med ett maxtak och en målbild som är lägre än antalet idag på fem års sikt.

AirB&B måste registreras – registreringsavgift – påföljd. Andra länder har avtal med AirB&B (det borde nog skattemyndigheten också vara intresserad av).

Registreringen följer inte lägenheten. Vid ägarbyte avslutas registreringen och kan inte registreras igen därigenom en långsam minskning.

Ändrad användning av fastigheter bör ske mot prövning. Lägenheter skall inte kunna omvandlas till Hostel. Ägaren till en Bostadsrätt i GS skall inte kunna skriva sig på annan ort.

Bostadsbristen i STO – vi måste ställa oss frågan vem bostäderna i GS är till för? Turister eller boende invånare?

Felsteg nu går inte att reparera med det idag okontrollerade uppköp av lägenheter/hela fastigheter då vägen tillbaka är lång och mödosam om ens

möjlig- Här krävs proaktivt agerande i nutid.

Bilagor för allmän information. Lunds Universitet The end of Tourism Dagens Arena Tourism For Good

Om önskemål finns om personligt möte eller mer information ser jag fram mot en förfrågan.

Vänligen.

dagensarena

NYHET PUBLICERAT: 5 JULI, 2019 AV: ELSA PERSSON

FN-rapportör: »Sverige ger motstridiga besked om bostäder«

BOSTÄDER Hon åker världen runt för att undersöka hur länder lever upp till allas rätt till bostad, och är särskilt oroad över hur globala investeringsjättar tar över lägenheter i snabb takt. Och Sverige är inte ett gott exempel. Nu är FN:s särskilda rapportör Leilani Farha aktuell i Fredrik Gerttens nya film »Push«.

Den svenska dokumentärfilmaren **Fredrik Gerttens** senaste film **"Push"** sätter ljuset på hur globala investeringsbolag tar över allt mer av bostadsägandet över hela världen, vilket ofta får till följd att hyrorna höjs kraftigt och att de boende byts ut. Fastigheter har blivit en så lönsam tillgång att de kan köpas upp för att stå tomma, och investerarjättar som **Blackstone** är på ständig jakt efter nya bostadsbestånd.

I filmen följer Fredrik Gertten FN:s särskilda rapportör om bostadsfrågan, Leilani Farha, när hon dokumenterar utvecklingen mot en allt större finansialisering av bostäder; från efterspelet till branden i Grenfell tower i London, där människor som blev hemlösa fortfarande inte fått nya lägenheter, till Valparaiso i Chile där fattiga människor tvingas bort när lyxkomplex ska byggas som invånarna knappast har råd att bo i. Samt däremellan besök i arbetarstadsdelar i Berlin och New York som blivit hippa och därmed dyra, och i Uppsala där miljonprogram köps upp.

- Min roll som FN-rapportör är att vara en global watchdog för att övervaka om människor får sin rätt till bostad uppfylld, och om regeringar lever upp till sina mänskliga rättighetsåtaganden. Jag har fokuserat mycket på finansialisering av bostadsmarknaden, och det är ingen slump; jag ser det som en väldigt dominerande del i utvecklingen över hela världen. Och jag gillar att arbeta med det allra senaste, säger Leilani Farha när **Dagens Arena** träffar henne i en lite undanskymd korridor på universitetet i **Visby**.

Att rätten till bostad är lagfäst i internationella konventioner råder det ingen som helst tvekan om, enligt Leilani Farha. I det ingår ett skydd

mot att bli vräkt och att bostaden ska ha ett rimligt pris.

- Rätten till bostad kan förstås se olika ut beroende på vilket land vi talar om. Av ett land som Sverige, som är femte rikaste i världen sett till BNP per capita, kan man vänta sig mer än av **Zimbabwe** till exempel, säger hon.

Att människor tvingas flytta på grund av kraftigt höjda hyror bryter alltså mot lagen, menar hon, även om de skulle kunna hitta en billigare lägenhet en bit längre bort från stan.

- Både att höja hyran kraftigt över en natt, och att någon tvingas lämna sitt hem kan betraktas som ett brott mot mänskliga rättigheter. Jag skulle betvivla att det i något av alla dess fall med höjda hyror saknas alternativ till att tvinga någon att flytta, men om det är så bör en boende förflyttas till en lägenhet i samma storlek och jämförbart pris, max 5-10 kilometer från bostaden man tvingas lämna, säger Leilani Farha.

Av den verklighet filmen skildrar står det tydligt att det inte är på det här sättet lagen tillämpas. Så på vilket sätt bör regeringar försöka reglera bostadsmarknaden för att hindra att människor tvingas flytta mot sin vilja?

- Rimliga priser på bostäder är ett stort problem, men det är ett skapat problem som är en följd av att stora kapitalförvaltare och riskkapitalister köper upp billiga bostadsbestånd i olika städer runtom i världen, renoverar dem och höjer hyrorna. Det driver inte bara upp hyrorna i de bestånd de köper, utan också genom att skapa en atmosfär av höjda hyror som gör det väldigt svårt för vanliga människor att bo i städer. Så det är en fabricerad kris, som regeringar har tillåtit och har stöttat, säger Leilani Farha.

Förmånliga skatteregler för investeringar är ett exempel på lagar som möjliggjort utvecklingen. Hon nämner Singapore som ett exempel på ett land som har arbetat för investeringar, men samtidigt har införd hög skatt på bostäder om som säljs vidare med en gång. Samtidigt har man sett till att invånarna har tillgång till billiga bostäder.

- Många pekar på möjligheten att sätta ett tak för hyror. Det är väldigt viktigt. I **Berlin** har borgmästaren precis tagit initiativ till en lag som skulle begränsa hyrorna under fem år framåt.

- Regeringar kan också stoppa stora investerare från att köpa upp billiga bostadsbestånd. De skulle kunna begränsa hur många lägenheter en enskild ägare kan ha. Problemet med det är att bolagen anpassar sig i sin ägarstruktur, vilket gör att det kan se ut som flera ägare när det egentligen är en och samma.

Dagen innan har filmen *Push* visats med efterföljande panelsamtal som en del av Almedalsveckans, och hon och Fredrik Gertten har hunnit träffa bostadsministern **Per Bolund (MP)**.

- Han sa väldigt tydligt att Sverige erkänner att bostaden är en mänsklig rättighet. Det är jättebra, det betyder att vi har samma utgångspunkt, säger Leilani Farha.

Men samtidigt har svenska regeringen förmedlat dubbla budskap, menar hon

- Igår pratade de om finansialisering som ett problem, att bostaden är en rättighet och att det kanske finns behov av vissa ytterligare regleringar för att säkerställa den rätten. Men samtidigt har jag fått officiell korrespondens från den svenska regeringen med budskapet att bostadsfrågan är kommunernas ansvar, och att organisation Fastighetsägarna har avtal med privata bostadsaktörer och att deras ägande på så sätt är reglerat, säger hon.

Dagens Arena uppmärksammade tidigare i år att FN-rapportören i ett brev varnade Sverige för att fortsätta sälja ut vårt allmännyttiga bestånd till företaget **Hembla** (Tidigare D.Carnegie & Co) som äger 21 000 lägenheter i landet, och vars huvudägare är Blackstone.

Efter att först ha meddelat att de inte tänkte svara på kritiken, uppgav regeringen senare att de skulle bemöta kritiken skriftligt. När svaret kom till FN-rapportören häpnade hon över hur kortfattat det var.*

- Nästan alla länder jag skrev till svarade på 10-12 sidor. Längden är inte alltid synonym med kvalitet, men det fanns åtminstone försök från andra länder att i sina svar gå igenom olika regleringar och lagar som de har och som de menar skyddar mot finansialisering. Sveriges svar var en sida långt, och det innehöll bara två relevanta lagparagrafer. Det var vad jag kallar ett »pass the buck«-svar, alltså att man säger; det är inte mitt ansvar, säger Leilani Farha.

Varken Leilani Farha eller Fredrik Gertten, som medverkar under intervjun, är särskilt imponerade av Sverige. Där många andra länder

och städer har börjat göra aktivt motstånd mot skenande hyror och en utveckling där Airbnb upplevs kicka ut vanliga människor från innerstäderna. finns inget motsvarande organiserat motstånd i Sverige. I alla fall inte i stor skala.



- Men jag tror att det kommer att förändras när Push har

premiär. Det är en signal om uppvaknande, säger Leilani Farha.

I en scen i filmen hörs Leilani Farha hålla ett brinnande tal om en alltmer brutal bostadsmarknad inför FN-delegater. Samtidigt zoomar kameran in på de olika delegaterna som syns surfa förstrött på sina mobiler. En av dem tittar på en sajt för lyxiga armbandsur.

I Sverige väcker rapporter från FN:s särskilda rapportörer för olika mänskliga rättighetsfrågor sällan något större pådrag i medier.

Vilken makt har du att förändra?

- Det är klart att jag ofta frågar jag mig: gör jag någon skillnad? Men jag ser många förändringar som en följd av mitt arbete. Regeringen i Irland är benhårda motståndare till att förändra sin finansialiserade bostadsmarknad. Men jag har varit i **Dublin** och arbetat nära kolleger på plats, och lyckats inge dem mod så att de nu - efter abortomröstningen - driver frågan om att få in rätt till bostad i lagen.. Jag har arbetat väldigt nära **Kanadas** regering och jag har sett radikala förändringar över fyra år; från att ha varit emot rätt till bostad, till att nu har det inskrivet i lagen.
- Så makten hos rapportören ska inte underskattas, men det är klart vi är bara så bra som vi hittar samarbete med bra människor: vare sig det är med en dokumentärfilmare eller med civilsamhället i Irland - det är de partnerskapen som ger inflytande.

Tillägg 2019-07-11: Dagens Arena har efter artikelns publicering varit i kontakt med Per Bolunds pressekreterare, men ministern avböjer att kommentera uppgifterna i artikeln.

Läs också:

* Svenska regeringens svar till FN-rapportören

Blackstones svar till FN-rapportören

Klickturismens baksida borde bekymra oss

Radikalt lägre priser på boende och flygresor har förändrat våra semestervanor. Men användningen av plattformar som Airbnb medför en utveckling som går tvärsemot globala hållbarhetsmål och leder till överturism, skriver flera debattörer.

nder de senaste tio åren har globala webbaserade plattformar som Airbnb, Booking, Expedia och Tripadvisor blivit mycket uppskattade bland oss konsumenter. Att boka en resa är nu snabbare, billigare och lättare än tidigare. Framväxten av "klick-ekonomin" kan emellertid stå i motsättning till flera viktiga hållbarhetsmål.

Webbaserade plattformar skapar många nya möjligheter för turister. Möjligheten att jämföra priser har gjort resorna mer prisvärda och minskat osäkerheten genom att resenärernas val påverkas av andra resenärers omdömen. Det som inte är lika känt är plattformarnas enorma inverkan på besöksnäringen. Den ökade konkurrensen har fått många hotell att sänka priset, trots förbättrad service. När konkurrensen ökar och det samtidigt tillförs nya boendemöjligheter via till exempel Airbnb, pressas marginalerna för många verksamheter. En kommentar från en missnöjd gäst på Tripadvisor eller en bokningssida kan få stora konsekvenser, vilket tvingar hotellen att ägna mycket kraft åt att hantera sitt rykte på nätet.

Företagen betalar stora summor i provision till bokningsbolagen, för hotellen ligger de normalt på 12-20 procent av företagens intäkter. Vår forskning visar att affärsmodellen skapar nya och besvärliga beroendeförhållanden. Uppåt 80 procent av bokningarna går genom internationella bokningssidor och merparten av kommissionen går till amerikanska storföretag. Booking.com är till exempel en del av Booking holdings som också äger Priceline, Kayak, Agoda och Rentalcars. Enbart på den plattformen erbjuds 29 miljoner valmöjligheter och bokas 1,5 miljoner hotellnätter varje dag, vilket skapar miljarder i provision. Airbnb genererar 700 miljoner övernattningar varje år, och 15 procent av transaktionerna överförs till företagets ägare. Den här utvecklingen ändrar de ekonomiska förhållandena på destinationerna, inte minst i fråga om skatteintäkter, vilket diskuteras flitigt på EU-nivå.

Den allt mer aktuella överturismen har

också ett direkt samband med digitaliseringen. När ökande skaror turister reser till en plats, ditlockade av billiga priser och rekommendationer på Tripadvisor och andra plattformar, leder det till trängsel i stadscentrum, kulturarvsmål och andra attraktioner. Tillgången till bostäder försvåras för invånare i många storstäder, de får däremot nya grannar hela tiden, som bokats via Airbnb. Bristen på transparens i hur webbplattformar såsom Airbnb arbetar och deras påverkan på lokala förhållanden borde bekymra oss alla.

Radikalt lägre priser på boende och flygresor har förändrat våra semestervanor. Vi är i genomsnitt borta kortare tid än tidigare, vistelsetiden har sjunkit med 36 procent i Norge och 32 procent i Sverige under de senaste tjugo åren. Veckoslutsresor har blivit den nya normen. Särskilt personer som reser

Att öka antalet turister ses fortfarande som eftersträvansvärt i hela Norden, men tillväxtens komplexa följdverkningar ignoreras.

med Airbnb verkar vara borta kortare tid än andra. Vår forskning från Norge visar att gäster som bokar Airbnb stannar 22 procent kortare tid än genomsnittsturisten. Korta vistelsetider får negativa konsekvenser: ekonomiskt, miljömässigt och socialt. När fler människor anländer till destinationen med lågprisflyg, påverkas affärsmodeller och efterfrågan på infrastruktur i hela värdekedjan.





Möjligheten att jämföra priser har gjort resorna mer prisvärda och minskat osäkerheten genom att resenärernas val påverkas av andra resenärers omdömen. Det som inte är lika känt är plattformarnas enorma inverkan på besöksnäringen, skriver debattörerna. Foto: Helena Landstedt/TT, Simon Rehnström Flygtrafiken och flygplatserna behöver växa eftersom det krävs fler ankommande turister för att bibehålla antalet gästnätter och säkra lönsamheten i hotellbranschen. Både Gardemoen i Oslo och Copenhagen Airport bygger ut sin kapacitet för att kunna hantera starkt ökade resandeströmmar.

Att öka antalet ankommande turister ses fortfarande som något eftersträvansvärt i hela Norden, men tillväxten definieras mycket snävt och dess komplexa följdverkningar ignoreras. Flygtrafiken är en av de snabbast växande orsakerna till utsläpp av växthusgaser. Trängsel har börjat bli ett problem under sommarsäsongen, inte bara i storstäder utan också på populära naturupplevelser som danska Skagen och Predikstolen i Norge. Utvecklingen går stick i stäv mot globala hållbarhetsmål. Den nordiska modellen för turistutveckling behöver utvärderas. Vad bör besöksnäringen eftersträva ekonomiskt och socialt? Borde vi inte optimera systemen snarare än ständigt försöka öka antalet gäster. Norge verkar vara det enda landet i Norden där dessa utmaningar tas på allvar. Gäster som bokar sitt boende direkt hos hotell i västra Norge garanteras 10 procent lägre pris än vad bokningsplattformarna kan erbjuda. Turistorganisationerna har utvecklat egna plattformar för att sälja aktiviteter och öka de lokala inköpen. Användning av lokala produkter, särskilt mat, är ett givet val på många norska hotell och restauranger. Innovation Norway har börjat göra uppskattningar av turisternas individuella användning av koldioxid. Detta är goda exempel på hur besöksnäringen kan arbeta med FN:s globala utvecklingsmål. Mycket mer kunde göras.

Jan Henrik Nilsson docent, Lunds universitet Stefan Gössling professor, Lunds universitet Szilvia Gyimóthy associate professor, Aalborg Universitet, Danmark Carlo Aall seniorforsker, Vestlandsforsking, Norge



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BOSTAD/FASTIGHET

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Publicerad den 16 maj, 2018



Den danska regeringen har gått med på Socialdemokratiets och Dansk Folkepartis krav om att begränsa antalet dagar privatpersoner får hyra ut sina bostäder Airbnb till 70 dagar om året. Beslutet är en del av ett omfattande nolitiskt avtal om hur Airbnb och liknande



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Ok

Med det politiska avtalet vill en politisk majoritet, bland annat bestående av Socialdemokratiet, Dansk Folkeparti och regeringen, få ett stopp på hotelliknande uthyrning av bostäder via delekonomitjänster som appen Airbnb.

får hyra ut sina bostäder via uthyrning Airbnb. Foto: News Øresund

Avtalet innebär att det införs ett tak på max 70 uthyrningsdagar per år och bostad. något en rad borgmästare, bland annat Köpenhamns borgmästare, Frank Jensen (Socialdemokratiet), har velat se då de menar att uthyrningstjänsterna bidrar till b

Politikerna vill också få uthyrningstjänsterna att automatiskt rapportera in uthyra till det danska skatteverket, Skat. Därför höjer de det skattefria avdraget för kortti via tjänster som rapporterar uthyrningsintäkter till Skat, vilket de hoppas ska göra väljer just dem.

Avdraget kommer ligga på 40 000 danska kronor om året för hus och 28 000 kronor lägenheter, om tjänsten samarbetar med Skat. För uthyrning via tjänsten som inte kommer avdraget sänkas till 11 000 kronor om året. I dagsläget rapporterar Airbnb uthyrningsintäkter till Skat. (News Øresund)

RELATERADE:

TRENDING







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TOURISM FOR GOOD

AN INVITATION
TO A JOURNEY TOWARDS
SUSTAINABLE
TOURISM BY 2030

»Wonderful Copenhagen's ambition for 2030 is that tourism in Greater Copenhagen positively impacts local and global sustainable development.«

TOURISM FOR GOOD

INTRODUCTION

TOURISM GROWTH IS ONLY RELEVANT, WHEN IT HAS A POSITIVE IMPACT

Sustainable growth is considered the only relevant kind of growth! This statement is included in Wonderful Copenhagen's 2020 **Localhood** strategy which also declares the **End of Tourism as we know it**. This statement is the driving force behind Wonderful Copenhagen's sustainability work. The key idea is that tourism is not a goal in itself; tourism is a means to a sustainable end – a reality where tourism contributes positively to society, to building better cities and destinations for locals and visitors alike and where tourism is a driver of positive change.

TOURISM WILL GROW

Forecasts made by UNWTO¹ and WTTC² predict tourism growth in the future. For Copenhagen, the National Tourism Strategy predicts a 60 per cent growth in tourism until 2025. New hotels will be opening in the city, adding 8500 more rooms over the next few years. New cruise ships and international flights will bring more visitors to the city, and if not to Copenhagen then to somewhere else. From a purely environmental point of view, we will then potentially have gained nothing.

Tourism is here to stay, and this strategy is not an attempt to build a protective wall against it. Wonderful Copenhagen's **Localhood** strategy was the first step on a long journey towards sustainable tourism.

This strategy is the layout of the continuation of the journey to managing tourism in a responsible way for the common good of both locals, travellers and planet.

RISK OF VISITOR PRESSURE AND STRONGER IMPACTS ON CLIMATE CHANGE

With tourism growth comes stronger impacts on climate change and the risk of visitor pressure in the city. Recent scientific research published in Nature³ shows that tourism related activity accounts for 8 per cent of global carbon emissions, and this figure is set to rise. These are hard facts. In other European cities, the pressure of tourism is already creating conflict between locals and travellers. This not only undermines the value of the tourism experience, it is also a challenge to the liveability of the destination. With this strategy, Wonderful Copenhagen takes a further step to prevent this from happening in Copenhagen.



^{1.} United Nations World Tourism Organization www.e-unwto.org/doi/pdf/10.18111/9789284414024

^{2.} World Travel and Tourism Council www.wttc.org/-/media/files/reports/economic-impact-research/documents-2018/global-economic-impact-and-issues-2018-eng.pdf

^{3.} www.nature.com/articles/s41558-018-0141-x

THE ROLE OF TOURISM IN GLOBAL SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

The course for sustainability is already set. The global community of the United Nations has defined 17 goals which set the bar for what we must achieve as a global community by 2030. Tourism plays a role, as underlined by the UN World Tourism Organisation (UNWTO)'s recent launch of a platform targeting tourism contributions to the global goals.

As outlined in target 8.9 of global goal 8 *Decent work* and *Economic Growth*, destinations around the world must devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism. With this strategy, Wonderful Copenhagen aims to fulfil this target on behalf of Copenhagen and beyond.

Wonderful Copenhagen operates with the definition of sustainable tourism as defined by the UN World Tourism Organisation (UNWTO). This includes a triple bottom-line approach, where environmental, social and economic aspects of sustainability are considered. Tourism has both positive and negative impacts on the three bottom lines, which is why sustainability efforts must include all three. A journey to Copenhagen should be inspirational to travellers from around the world with solutions on sustainable living in a metropolitan city. The long-term ambition is to make tourism part of the solution, instead of the problem.

WHO SHOULD READ TOURISM FOR GOOD?

This strategy outlines the scope for what Wonderful Copenhagen can and will do to develop the destination when sustainable growth is the only relevant kind of growth. Naturally, Wonderful Copenhagen cannot create the desired change alone. Working with sustainability is not new to the tourism industry, where many have worked with the issues for years. We recognize and respect the work already done and consider it a strong foundation to build on. Co-creation is a cornerstone in how we operate and help bringing the tourism industry onto the journey is key to us. Sustainable transition is not an individual agenda and never will be. It needs to be a shared effort towards a more sustainable future. The strategy is a starting point and an invitation - both to join us, and for others to invite us to support their efforts. The strategy is relevant to anyone involved in the tourism development of Greater Copenhagen, and it specifically reaches out to attractions, hotels, conference organisers and venues, cruise companies, transport and tour operators, the public sector, industry organisations, NGOs, universities and others with an interest in the tourism value chains. The strategy is written in English, as it is our ambition to include and inspire as many as possible to take action. As an organisation we will make the necessary changes ourselves as well as strengthening our efforts to enable others to do the same. As the journey towards sustainable tourism is a joint effort and because the world is in constant change, the strategy will be under continuous development and is to be considered a work-in-progress. The tourism industry should always be able to identify with the strategy and with the changes that will follow as we move forward.

"The key idea is that tourism is not a goal in itself; tourism is a means to a sustainable end – a reality where tourism contributes positively to society, to building better cities and destinations for locals and visitors alike and where tourism is a driver of positive change. «

Copenhagen is known as a sustainable city with ambitious carbon reduction targets, a unique bicycle culture, clean water for both drinking and swimming, organic food, acceptance of diversities and as a safe city for visitors. However, other urban destinations around the world are developing fast. Where Copenhagen has been an inspiration for many other destinations, others already have equally good offers as sustainable destinations. The tourism industry in Greater Copenhagen will benefit from a shared effort to secure the position as an ambitious urban destination.

HOW TO READ THIS STRATEGY

This strategy introduces Wonderful Copenhagen's ambition, targets and actions to further sustainable

tourism and destination development 2018-2021. The strategy consists of a guiding long-term ambition for Greater Copenhagen as a destination. With the ambition, we are thinking further ahead - as far as 2030. The account of our ambition is followed by an outline of our four focus areas. The four focus areas define where we will prioritise our efforts in 2018-2021 in order to create the foundation, the partnerships, the knowledge and the initiatives that will realise our longterm ambition. The four focus areas have defined targets and actions. Wonderful Copenhagen will use the fulfilment of the targets to measure whether the strategy has been successfully implemented. In the actions, we find inspiration and examples of how to reach the targets. Every focus area also includes relevant Sustainable Development Goals and defines the relevant stakeholders that will be involved going forward.

»The strategy consists of a guiding long-term ambition for Greater Copenhagen, four focus areas that prioritise our efforts in 2018–2021, defined targets and actions for each focus area, relevant Sustainable Development Goals and stakeholders that will be involved.«



TOURISM FOR GOOD

A JOURNEY TOWARDS SUSTAINABLE TOURISM BY 2030

WONDERFUL COPENHAGEN'S AMBITION FOR 2030 IS THAT...

TOURISM IN GREATER COPENHAGEN POSITIVELY IMPACTS LOCAL AND GLOBAL SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

THIS MEANS THAT BY 2030,

- ... tourism in Greater Copenhagen sets a true world-leading example on how a sector can develop its potential by contributing positively to environmental, social and economic sustainable development and thereby to the Sustainable Development Goals.
- ... sustainability is a key aspect of any development of the tourism sector and the sector contributes positively to the achievement of local sustainability targets and ambitions.
- ... the urban and regional development of Greater Copenhagen fully integrates the sustainable development of tourism.

- ... visitors are empowered to make sustainable choices throughout their visit and the environmental impact of the destination's tourism activities is reduced to a minimum.
- ... a visit to Greater Copenhagen positively impacts global sustainable development. Visitors are inspired to act in a more sustainable manner both during and beyond their visit.
- ... growth in tourism is supported by at least 80 per cent of local residents.
- ... Copenhagen is in the top three of urban destinations measured against international sustainability benchmarks.

FOCUS AREA 1 BROADENING TOURISM



We want to avoid a future where too many visitors overcrowd only a few central attractions at the same time and season. A future where locals are alienated from certain places, while other places see none of the benefits of tourism. Tourism should instead have a positive impact on urban development in Greater Copenhagen. We will approach this issue from two different perspectives.

First, there are many wonderful experiences outside central Copenhagen, outside the main attractions, outside high season, at all times of day. Wonderful Copenhagen will promote these experiences to broaden the use of Greater Copenhagen geographically, time-wise and in terms of the interests catered for. Many urban travellers would welcome experiences outside the city centre provided they are accessible, even just for a day. The city centre, its neighbourhoods and the country-side are not opposites but may be connected to create a richer and more holistic tourism experience.

Second, the city's facilities must also be used in a wider way, and benefit locals and travellers alike. Many travellers come to Copenhagen to experience the destination as temporary locals. Therefore, we must avoid creating facilities solely for visitors, and instead create synergies that also benefit locals. This double-sided function creates interaction between locals and travellers in public transport, attractions, restaurants, hotels, meeting facilities, etc. To this end, tourism must be part of a bigger conversation and Wonderful Copenhagen will establish a dialogue outside the tourism sector with, for example, urban planners, architects and locals in the city.

Thus, the goal is not fewer visitors, but that they make broader use of the destination. If the destination is developed to be used in a broader way, travellers will get a richer experience which in turn is likely to result in higher visitor satisfaction. It will also prevent the feeling of tourism pressure in the city, distribute tourism revenue more broadly and make more space for people in the city, whether locals or temporary locals.

»The goal is not fewer visitors, but that they make broader use of the destination. If the destination is developed to be used in a broader way, travellers will get a richer experience which in turn is likely to result in higher visitor satisfaction.«



SDGS

SDG TARGETS

Contribution to the Sustainable Development Goals:

Through a broad distribution of the tourism revenue in terms of geography, time and interests, tourism will create decent work and positive economic, social and environmental links between urban, peri-urban and rural areas. When we develop the destination's facilities to benefit both travellers and locals, tourism will contribute to inclusive and sustainable urbanisation with sustainable infrastructure and universal access.



8.5





9.1 11a · 11.3 · 11.7

TARGETS

By 2021, Wonderful Copenhagen want to achieve:

- Continued growth in tourism is supported by at least 80 per cent of local residents.
- Creating regular opportunities for locals to be involved in tourism development.
- Developing a method to measure broader tourism in terms of geography, interests and time.

ACTIONS

Until 2021, Wonderful Copenhagen will:

- Conduct a yearly analysis of the locals' view on tourism and tourism development.
- Broaden the city's geography through stronger connections between experiences and break down barriers to increased mobility, thereby creating opportunities for visitors to discover and experience less known and alternative attractions.
- Promote the use of environmentally friendly transport and visits to a wider range of attractions, for example through wider use of the Copenhagen Card.
- Integrate tourism in other development agendas, through participating in projects and partnerships outside the tourism industry, e.g. urban planners, transport, architecture and environment.
- Promote the possibilities for MICE tourism in the entire Greater Copenhagen area.



STAKEHOLDERS

Wonderful Copenhagen will involve:

Tourism organisations and DMOs, attractions, transport and tour operators, local authorities, sleeping facilities, urban planners, architects, civil society.



FOCUS AREA 2 TOURISM CHOICES MATTER



Like any other consumption and behaviour, tourism consumption and behaviour have negative sustainability impacts if not managed responsibly. If you look close enough at the value chains of tourism globally, you will find social issues, over-consumption of natural resources and impacts on climate change. The consumption and behaviour of visitors make a difference and Wonderful Copenhagen will turn this around by approaching the issue from three different perspectives.

First, the experiences and products that are available to the visitors must take sustainability into consideration. All sections of the tourism industry's value chains can act responsibly in the way they operate. Wonderful Copenhagen must support and encourage the tourism sector to develop sustainable tourism products and infrastructure. This may be done through playing an active part in development projects and encourage the use of third-party sustainability certifications in the tourism sector.

Second, in order to ensure long-term sustainable development of the destination, Wonderful Copenhagen must create coherence between international marketing targeting potential travellers, travellers' behaviour and consumption during their visit and sustainable destination development. There must be greater coherence between the segments we choose to attract and the destination we envision.

Third, sustainability is already one of Wonderful Copenhagen's core stories about the destination. This core story will be continued, developed further and strengthened. We will achieve this by prioritising communication about the sustainable choices visitors can make and the sustainable experiences they can have. Communication can also be one of many tools to influence the flow of tourism at the destination and thus contribute to broadening tourism as described in focus area 1.

If tourism consumption and behaviour are managed responsibly, we will lower the negative environmental, social and economic impacts of tourism. The choices available to visitors will be largely responsible ones. The visitor's perception of the quality of the destination will improve and thereby the likelihood that the visitor will recommend the destination to others.

»If tourism consumption and behaviour are managed responsibly, we will lower the negative environmental, social and economic impacts of tourism. The choices available to visitors will be largely responsible ones.«



SDGs

Contribution to the Sustainable Development Goals:

Influencing tourism choices can contribute to inclusive and sustainable destination development and negative environmental impacts may be reduced. By focusing on the consumption, tourism can contribute to more efficient resource consumption and reduce water and fossil fuel usage, food waste, general waste and other environmental impacts. As a tourism organisation Wonderful Copenhagen can include sustainability information in its reporting cycles.

SDG TARGETS











6.4

7.2 · 7.3

11.3 · 11.6

12.3 · 12.5 · 12.6

14.1

TARGETS

By 2021, Wonderful Copenhagen want to achieve:

- 77 per cent of visitors intend to recommend the destination.
- 100 per cent of large convention venues and 90 per cent of large hotels have third-party sustainability certification.
- To develop a detailed content strategy, that will nudge travellers to more diverse experiences in term of geography, season, time and interests.



ACTIONS

Until 2021, Wonderful Copenhagen will:

- Continuously collect data and knowledge on relevant traveller segments and target the segments that are considered to contribute most positively to sustainable destination development.
- Use marketing as a tool to create positive interaction between locals and travellers and to remedy potential friction points.
- Strengthen the existing and develop new points of contact for travellers, such as hotel receptionists, guides, attraction staff who act as ambassadors for the destination and should possess the relevant knowledge to inspire travellers to a sustainable visit.
- Support and encourage the tourism sector to develop experiences and products which make positive impacts on a sustainable transition by developing tools and showcasing best practices.
- Take an active part in the ongoing initiatives on tourism and traffic in general and specifically on tourism and bicycle culture.
- Develop a tool kit for hotels and venues enabling them to tell the destination's story on sustainability.



STAKEHOLDERS

Wonderful Copenhagen will involve:

Tourism organisations and DMOs, industry organisations, hotels and conference centres, certification systems, local authorities, transport and tour operators.



FOCUS AREA 3 PARTNERSHIPS FOR GOOD



Without information, it is impossible to know how to make the biggest sustainable impact. Without measurements, it is impossible to know whether it is worth the effort. Without bringing that knowledge into partnerships, we will find it impossible to create sustainable change that is bigger than ourselves. Wonderful Copenhagen will foster informed partnerships and we will achieve this by approaching the issue from three different perspectives.

First, Wonderful Copenhagen and the tourism industry must make sustainable choices with the best possible knowledge at hand. Wonderful Copenhagen must be able to identify the positive and negative impacts of tourism at the destination. Wonderful Copenhagen must also be well informed about the sustainability work and needs of the tourism industry to support a sustainable transition in the best possible way. Wonderful Copenhagen will measure and document results both in isolation and against other destinations in an international context. This knowledge is crucial to create results in the strategy's three other focus areas.

Second, this knowledge should be activated in Wonderful Copenhagen's unique position between public sector, private sector and civil society. In this position, Wonderful Copenhagen must set the agenda for collaborations and promote sustainable tourism specifically and a sustainable transition in general. These collaborations may involve any relevant organisations, whether public sector, private sector or civil society. The knowledge can be activated to promote sustainability outside Wonderful Copenhagen's own destination.

Third, collaborations around major events in the city where sustainability is a central theme can support sustainable tourism development through the event's consumption and the attention on the subject which the presence of the event provides. Wonderful Copenhagen will therefore work actively to attract these types of events. This will lead to a positive chain of events where sustainable tourism development makes Copenhagen a more attractive host city for major events on sustainability and such major events contribute to sustainable tourism development.

If Wonderful Copenhagen collects, activates and distributes knowledge about sustainability in partnerships and events, it will contribute to sustainable destination development.

»Without information, it is impossible to know how to make the biggest sustainable impact. Without measurements, it is impossible to know whether it is worth the effort. Without bringing that knowledge into partnerships, we will find it impossible to create sustainable change that is bigger than ourselves.«



SDGs

Contribution to the Sustainable Development Goals:

With the right knowledge about tourism and sharing this knowledge in partnerships, the tourism industry can improve positive economic, social and environmental links between urban, peri-urban and rural areas. By measuring sustainable tourism, Wonderful Copenhagen can monitor sustainable destination development and provide data for including sustainability information in its reporting cycles.

Wonderful Copenhagen is in a unique position to promote effective public, public private and civil society partnerships which will promote a sustainable transition, both in general and in terms of conference and event tourism.

11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES





SDG TARGETS

11.3 · 11a

12.6 · 12b

17.17

TARGETS

By 2021, Wonderful Copenhagen want to achieve:

- Sustainability must be considered a core element in all of Wonderful Copenhagen's new projects and partnerships.
- Copenhagen maintains a score of over 90 per cent and a top three ranking in the Global Destination Sustainability Index of the world's most sustainable meeting and conference destinations.
- Wonderful Copenhagen has established itself as the primary source for updated knowledge on sustainable tourism and destination development.

ACTIONS

Until 2021, Wonderful Copenhagen will:

- Stay up to date with the latest knowledge on sustainable tourism through participation in conferences, networks, etc. and stay up to date with the work and needs of the tourism industry.
- Develop a manual for sustainable events and to find support for a third party controlled label for sustainable events.
- Participate in the Global Destination Sustainability Index and measure the destination's sustainability using the European Tourism Indicator System or another recognised indicator system.
- Promote sustainability as a subject in the national status analysis for Danish tourism.
- Promote co-operation on how tourism can contribute to social cohesion and the implementation of social policies.
- Provide relevant analyses and facts in order to qualify and clarify debates and myths about tourism and sustainability.
- Influence the partnerships in which Wonderful Copenhagen participates as well as the events in the city to integrate the sustainability agenda into their activities.
- Promote Copenhagen as a host city for major events focusing on sustainable development.
- Ensure that results, best practices and knowledge are made available online in English, for example through tourism4sdgs.org

STAKEHOLDERS

Wonderful Copenhagen will involve:

Tourism organisations, universities and scientific communities, PCOs, national and international NGOs, hotels and conference centres, local authorities, industry organisations.



FOCUS AREA 4 LEADING BY EXAMPLE



Wonderful Copenhagen, as an organisation, consumes resources on account of its daily operation and procurement. As an employer, Wonderful Copenhagen is also responsible for contributing to a socially conscious labour market. Thus, Wonderful Copenhagen must take the greatest possible sustainability considerations in its own operations to become a leading example. We will approach this issue from three different angles.

First, the organisation's procurement, operation of offices, transport habits and the events which Wonderful Copenhagen organises all have negative environmental impacts that must be reduced.

Second, Wonderful Copenhagen must create a culture in the organisation where sustainability considerations are naturally incorporated into projects, partnerships, collaborations, campaigns, events, recruitment and other activities initiated.

Third, Wonderful Copenhagen must work methodically with sustainability management through annual targets and implementation plans and sustainability reporting as well as environmental certification of the organisation's operations.

By taking substantial sustainability considerations in its own operations and managing the work in a professional manner, Wonderful Copenhagen may be seen as a sustainability role model which others may choose to follow.

»Wonderful Copenhagen must take the greatest possible sustainability considerations in its own operations to become a leading example.«



SDGs

SDG TARGETS

Contribution to the Sustainable Development Goals:

Focusing on its own operations, Wonderful Copenhagen can contribute to more efficient resource consumption and reduce water and fossil fuel usage, food waste, general waste and other environmental impacts. Through environmental targets, implementation plans and documentation, Wonderful Copenhagen can include sustainability information in its reporting cycles.







64

7.2 · 7.3

12.3 · 12.5 · 12.6

TARGETS

By 2021, Wonderful Copenhagen want to achieve:

- Having a third-party environmental certification of own operations in 2018–2021.
- An organic conversion of own food and beverage procurement: 30 per cent in 2019, 60 per cent in 2020 and 90 per cent in 2021.
- Being an organisation that consider social inclusion in its recruitment.



ACTIONS

Until 2021, Wonderful Copenhagen will:

- Set annual environmental targets, make implementation plans and provide sustainability reporting.
- Consider sustainability in all phases of Wonderful Copenhagen's own events and share the experiences from that.
- Measure the organisation's sustainability culture in the annual employee survey.
- Develop a procurement policy for Wonderful Copenhagen which incorporates sustainability considerations.
- Measure and take actions to reduce food waste and increase the use of organic produce.
- Conduct a mapping of how Wonderful Copenhagen can offer education and learning programs for students and unemployed, for example through internships, trainee positions and public unemployment programmes.



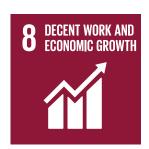
STAKEHOLDERS

Wonderful Copenhagen will involve:Wonderful Copenhagen's suppliers, certification systems



TOURISM FOR GOOD AND THE SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS

HIGH IMPACT







SDG TARGETS

8.5 · 8.9 11.3 · 11a 12.6 · 12b

SOME IMPACT











SDG TARGETS

6.4 7.2 · 7.3 9.1 11.6 · 11,7 12.3 · 12.5 14.1 17.17

LOW OR NO IMPACT



















»Wonderful Copenhagen's ambition for 2030 is that tourism in Greater Copenhagen positively impacts local and global sustainable development.«

WONDERFUL COPENHAGEN WILL WORK TOWARDS THE ABOVE AMBITION THROUGH 4 FOCUS AREAS

BROADENING TOURISM

TOURISM CHOICES MATTER

perception of the quality of the destination will improve and thereby the likelihood that the visitor will

PARTNERSHIPS FOR GOOD

LEADING BY EXAMPLE

WONDERFUL COPENHAGEN WANT TO ACHIEVE FOLLOWING TARGETS BY 2021

- procurement: 30 per cent in 2019, 60 per cent in

DEVELOPMENT GOALS WE WILL CONTRIBUTE POSITIVELY TO THESE WITH THIS STRATEGY **UN SUSTAINABLE**





























12.6 · 12b · 14.1 · 17.17 8.9 · 9.1 · 11.3 · 11.6 11.7 · 11a · 12.3 · 12.5 6.4 · 7.2 · 7.3 · 8.5

THE END OF TOURISM AS WE KNOW IT

TOWARDS A NEW BEGINNING OF

LOCALHOOD



STRATEGY 2020

THE KING IS DEAD!

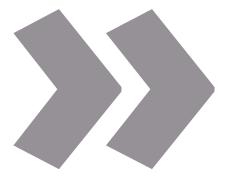
WONDERFUL COPENHAGEN CONCLUDES THE END OF THE ERA OF TOURISM, AS WE KNOW IT.

We pay our respects to the tourists of the past, the mass consumers and the passing days of disconnected tourist segmentation between business and leisure, city and countryside, culture and cycling.

We bid farewell to an era of tourism as an isolated industry bubble of culture and leisure experts.

We leave behind days of equating tourism marketing with glossy picture-perfect advertising.

We recognize the expiration of our role as the destination's promotional superstar, the official Destination *Marketing* Organization (DMO) with authoritative consumer influence, broadcasting superiority and an exclusive right to promote and shape a destination.





LONG LIVE THE KING!

AS WE LEAVE BEHIND THE ERA OF TOURISM, WE EMBARK ON A NEW BEGINNING, TOWARDS 2020 AND BEYOND.

We greet a new era in which the travel industry and visitor economy globally claim their rightful seat as one of the fastest growing sectors in the world, with 3.9% growth per annum over the next 10 years.

We welcome the arrival of today's traveller: the temporary local seeking not the perfect still picture to take home, but the emotional connection to an instantly shared experience based on interests, relations and authenticity.

We in Wonderful Copenhagen refocus on our industry as one of societal impact and value, of big business, of growth and influence on almost every other industry.

We embrace our partners among the established industry, the many and mostly tech-driven newcomers, universities and researchers, students, travellers and the local citizens. We dedicate ourselves to promoting cross-industry innovation and insist on having the nerve to disrupt and encourage the disruption of that which needs to change.

As an official Destination *Management* Organization (DMO), our official destination recommendations are no longer sought after. Rather than promoting to others, we need to promote through others. We anticipate a task that we will share with many, in which we will take lead on developing and managing the destination by enabling others to build experiences based on that one thing that sets us apart and yet pulls us together: our shared sense of localhood.

We embark upon an era in which the advocacy of our locals is crucial to delivering the destination experience in demand, an era in which that advocacy, in turn, depends on the value added by our visitors.

With the launch of our 2020 strategy, we set our course towards a future beyond tourism with something much more interesting and personal: a future of hosts and guests and the shared experience of localhood. In a time of change and transition, this strategy sets out an ambitious course, not a definitive solution.

We will seek out solutions in collaboration with our current and new partners, working to attract more business to the Greater Copenhagen metropolitan region and generating more value from the business attracted. We will enable more people to engage in the conversation about Copenhagen and develop the right experiences to tell the right stories. Based on updated insights and feedback, we will continuously challenge our approach, results and our agility to adapt.

We are embarking on this journey with the shared ambition of co-creating sustainable and long-term value for our destination together with our partners and our locals – both the temporary and the permanent ones.

Mikkel Aarø-Hansen

CEO, Wonderful Copenhagen

8 ROAD SIGNS TO A NEW BEGINNING

Leading up to our conclusion that the End of Tourism is upon us, we have identified eight key movements that we believe point out the necessary direction towards a shift from tourism to a new era for the travel industry and visitor economy. These movements outline the big picture, not the actual steps ahead for our destination or organization. Yet this is where it starts – both the end of tourism and the new beginning for which we will need to adapt to ensure the competitiveness and appeal of our destination and organization. The biggest threat to the DMO today is not the end of tourism, but rather our resistance to change along with it.

- 1. The experience of temporary localhood. Today, fewer and fewer want to be identified as tourists. Instead, new generations of travellers seek out experiences that not only provide a photo opportunity, but also get their hands 'dirty' and immerse them in the destination. The travellers seek out a sense of localhood, looking to experience the true and authentic destination – that which makes a destination unique. With the increasing number of providers and businesses that tap into the sharing and collaborative business potential, travellers gain increasing access to the local travel experience.
- **2. Locals are the destination.** Locals are not a nice little sideshow, but, rather, one of the major attractions of a destination. The Little Mermaid offers no emotional or personal connection to the destination, the locals do. The delivery of an authentic destination experience depends upon the support of locals, whereas the liveability and appeal of our destination and thereby the advocacy of locals depends on our ability to ensure a harmonious interaction between visitors and locals.
- **3. Branding is all about relations.** Marketing no longer leads us to the brand: the relationships we have with other people do. Today, with the proliferation of social media, information is created by everyone and available to everyone. Travellers look to peer recommendations from family, friends and their social circles much like they always have, but today the scale of connectivity between people has taken on entirely new dimensions, making recommendations and the conversations they entail much more important

- to destination branding than ever before. The destination no longer broadcasts a general brand message to many, but instead enables personal brand stories to be told through the right people to a broader circle of people.
- **4. From marketing to enabling.** The role of the DMO is changing. With the end of tourism, we also mark the end of marketing as we know it and a shift in the role of the DMO. As travellers are seeking out the experiences of temporary localhood, the official destination's version of a destination is in many cases no longer the most sought after. Rather, the DMO's role is shifting towards developing and spotlighting the right kind of experiences and engaging the right people at the right time to tell the right stories about the destination based on a shared strategic branding framework.
- **5. A traveller is all kinds of human.** Always online and connected with his or her social circles, today's travellers are flexible to change between different models of travel and life. Differentiating between business and leisure, segmenting based solely on demographics or geographics ignores the fifty shades of human that every traveller represents: the foodie business traveller, the millennial cruise passenger or the outdoorsy Chinese fashionista on a biking holiday. Today, communities develop across borders that share something other than nationality or generation. Instead, we need to see the Airbus 380 with 615 passengers as a large group of individuals or microsegments, each with his or her own motivations, culture and way of relating to others.

- **6. Global urban travellers.** The majority of people live in urban areas today, and 80% of global GDP is generated in cities. By 2050, the urban population will most likely account for 70% of the world's population and cities in today's developing world will represent 95% of this global urban growth. This carries enormous potential for wealth creation and an increase in urban travel from an expanding middle class, not least from large countries like China and India. Meanwhile, this global development puts heavy pressure on the cities, and DMOs will need to take on a collaborative role in ensuring that visitor growth does not come at the expense of the destination's local quality and liveability.
- 7. Digital is yesterday's question; new data is today's. Digital or not is no longer a question. Whether for marketing, communication or data purposes, the Destination Management Organization of today and tomorrow is digital throughout all aspects of managing the destination and the organization behind it. As a consequence of digitalization, everyone and everything today generates new data. Popular methods of data collection are reinforced by the access to digital data, unaffected by human error or belated response rates. Through passive measurement, the use of digital big data can provide accurate often real-time depictions of actual visitor behaviour, tour-ism trends and new business potential.
- **8. Agility to change and fail fast.** In today's digital economy, the players big and small have access to enter the market, making innovation an increasingly open process between many different participants across industries, e.g. travel and tech, travel and urban planning, travel and data analytics. The DMO of tomorrow will need to find its place in that cross-section of innovation while also balancing its close link to the public sector. In a data-driven, experience-driven world, a DMO's KPIs need to be adapted beyond bednights, but extend to the broader value creation within the visitor economy.

The **8 road signs** are trends determined from extensive reading, participation in international conferences and internal discussions. Below are selected key sources only:

- · PwC, Global Entertainment and Media Outlook 2016 2020.
- European Parliamentary Research Service, Global Trendometer: Essays on medium- and long-term global trends, 2016.
- European Strategy and Policy Analysis System, Shaping the Future, 2016.
- · OECD, Tourism Trends and Policies 2016.
- · Airbus, Global Market Forecast 2016-2035.
- · Harvard Business Review, Labels like "Millennial" and "Boomer" Are Obsolete, Nov 2016.
- · SKIFT, The Megatrends Defining Travel in 2016.
- · SKIFT, The Traveler Manifesto What Super Travelers Want From the Travel Industry, 2016.
- · Destination Think! Insights & News.

A STRONG STARTING POINT FOR A NEW BEGINNING

Rest assured, the End of Tourism does not mean we have to start all over. The End of Tourism means a noticeable shift in the traveller mindset, the technology and the industry players enabling it. It means a shift we need to adapt to, building on our strong starting point for Copenhagen and Greater Copenhagen. The following section outlines that starting point, which represents the baggage we carry with us into the new era of experience.

OUR CORE BUSINESS IS STILL TRAVELLERS

The End of Tourism marks a shift in our approach to travellers across all areas of business within our organization. However, travellers remain the core business of Wonderful Copenhagen.

We will continue and strengthen our efforts to attract new business to our destination, whether through bidding for large conventions, meetings and events, initiating access to new business opportunities for our cruise network partners, or attracting new airlines to bring more passengers to our destination.

The shift lies in our renewed focus on visitor management and enabling the shareable experience with and through our partners.

Through visitor management, our commitment will be to make more from the business attracted, develop the right experiences to increase satisfaction, encourage our visitors to share their positive experience and lead more along the path to final purchase.

This shift is also reflected in the new strategies of our networks.

The **Copenhagen Cruise Network** strategy for 2016–2018 introduced a renewed focus on the destination experience, whereas the new **Meetingplace** strategy for 2017–2020 presents a focus on community engagement, the integration of a delegate and lei-

sure perspective with the business event destination brand, and a commitment to enable members to engage more with the destination brand.

OUR CORE PRODUCT AND ASSET IS PEOPLE

As an organization, Wonderful Copenhagen is driven by people with strong professional will to create the best possible results for and through our partners. We are eager to challenge the present, think in new directions and pursue our goals without fear of failing or taking the path less explored.

The main attraction of our destination is the locals. The human connection to a destination goes through the local people and the experience of being part – even if only temporarily – of a shared sense of local-hood.

The championship and advocacy of our locals throughout the entire metropolitan region is crucial to our ability to stand out as a unique and local destination with global appeal. Much like the team behind Wonderful Copenhagen take pride in their core product, the pride of our locals is critical for the equation to balance: our locals need to be so proud of their hometown that they want to share it even more.

OUR CORE BRAND STORIES ARE STRONGER THAN EVER

The core brand stories of Copenhagen have developed over the years under the influence of many. The stories bring people together within a framework defined by local character and personality, global relevance, inclusiveness and invitation.

The core stories bring together numerous stakeholders and partners within the capital city and in association with it. The development of the Greater Copen-

hagen cooperation underlines the inclusive appeal of Copenhagen as a brand that rests on a shared sense of culture and belonging.

Today the storytelling framework consists of five strategic core stories that collectively capture the compelling brand essence and unique cultural character of our destination:

Design and architecture. From old cobbled streets to defining furniture designs, experimental public spaces and globally renowned modern architecture, Greater Copenhagen presents a unique experience of livable design.

Gastronomy. The birthplace of New Nordic cuisine, Copenhagen is one the world's true gastronomic hotspots and creative playgrounds ranging from NOMA to local rooftop earth-to-table flavours.

Sustainability. From drinkable tap water to a strong local biking culture, popular public harbour pools and a political ambition to become the world's first CO2 neutral city in the world by 2025. In Copenhagen - and in the entire country - sustainability is not just something we say: it's something we live and share.

A pocket-sized fairy tale. A modern royal family and one of the world's oldest monarchies, stunning castles and a proud fairytale tradition keep the history and cultural heritage of Greater Copenhagen forever alive.

Tolerance and diversity. With open street parties for everyone, the locals of our destination are proud of the safe, open and tolerant approach to love and to people of all shapes and sizes.

Our core brand stories are constantly developed and re-defined, with an outside-in approach to reflect the essence embraced by our visitors and locals alike.

OUR CONTRIBUTION TO THE NATIONAL TOURISM STRATEGY TOWARDS 2025

The new national tourism strategy for Denmark (2015-2025) outlines shared targets for the Danish travel industry and visitor economy as a whole.

As the official DMO of the Capital Region of Denmark, Wonderful Copenhagen represents the key regional visitor growth driver of our country and is working to realize the Regional Growth and Development Strategy.

Furthermore, Wonderful Copenhagen is entrusted with the responsibility of managing two of three cross-national tourism development entities: Danish Urban Tourism (Dansk Storbyturisme) and Danish Business Tourism (MeetDenmark). These national responsibilities are not new to Wonderful Copenhagen, as we already manage the national networks and programmes of Copenhagen Cruise Network and the air route development programme Global Connected.

The 2020 strategy of Wonderful Copenhagen supports our cross-national roles and will contribute to the achievement of the national targets through the directions and actions set out in this document and through a strong will to find common solutions across country, regions and responsibilities.

NATIONAL TOURISM STRATEGY TARGETS:

GROWTH IN TOURISM BED-NIGHTS BY 1/3, EQUIVALENT TO 17,000,000 BED-NIGHTS

GROWTH IN TOURISM REVENUE BY DKK 45,000,000,000 TO REACH A TOTAL OF DKK 140,000,000

INTERNATIONAL VISITOR SATISFACTION LEVELS WITH DENMARK EQUIVALENT TO THE AVERAGE SATISFACTION LEVELS WITH NORTHERN EUROPE.

OUR SHARED AMBITION FOR GREATER COPENHAGEN

Greater Copenhagen aims to be the leading metropolis in northern Europe in terms of attracting and retaining international investment, tourism and talent.

By 2020, the Greater Copenhagen collaboration is envisioned to have created significant growth and jobs across the metropolis.

In 2016, the DMOs of Greater Copenhagen have identified a shared ambition to make the destination

Greater Copenhagen stand out in Europe as the **perfect match between city and countryside**, lifting the metropolis into a new and bigger league of European metropolitan regions.

With our new 2020 strategy, Wonderful Copenhagen takes a leading role in realizing the shared ambition for Greater Copenhagen. Through our new vision and strategy, we take responsibility in shaping a stronger future, based on a shared sense of localhood across regional borders and individual destinations.

OUR STARTING POINT IN KEY NUMBERS

BED-NIGHTS IN COPENHAGEN CAPITAL
REGION (EST. 2016): +10 MILLION

GROWTH IN BED-NIGHTS TO THE CAPITAL REGION (EST. 2016): 3.5%

TOURISM REVENUE IN COPENHAGEN CAPITAL

REGION (EST. 2016): +40 BILLION

PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL TOURISM
REVENUE IN DENMARK (2014): 40%

FULL-TIME JOBS CREATED
IN THE CAPITAL REGION (EST. 2016): +48,000

OUR VISION

Our new vision is not only a four-year perspective: it is a vision that supports our development of the future destination beyond 2020 that we wish to co-create.

A future destination where human relations are the focal point, where the differentiation between destination and home of locals is one and the same. A destination, where locals and visitors not only co-exist, but interact around shared experiences of localhood.

A destination where our global competitiveness is underpinned by our very own localhood: that which makes us stand out on an international scene of global brands and big players, where we connect at scale by creating meaningful relationships with people – our potential temporary locals.

A future, where tourism growth is co-created responsibly across industries with the destination's sustainable development and the locals' wellbeing at heart.

Our vision calls for our shared identity across the metropolitan region of Greater Copenhagen, where achieving our ambition of the perfect match between urban and countryside relies heavily on our shared sense of localhood.

To co-create this future of growth, where the right kind of growth benefits more people and more businesses, our vision is a destination, where tourism is considered an inclusive, comprehensive challenge and an open opportunity shared by many – across borders and businesses. Where our destination invites more people – here and abroad – to take part and be part of our destination.

In short, our vision is...

LOCALHOOD FOR EVERYONE



OUR MSSION

As the official destination management organization (DMO) of the Copenhagen Capital Region, Wonderful Copenhagen is tasked with promoting and developing business and leisure travel to the Copenhagen Capital Region for the common good.

Wonderful Copenhagen also fills multiple roles at international, national and cross-regional levels with numerous stakeholder interests to satisfy. These roles include responsibility for two of three national tourism development companies, secretariat of national and international cruise networks, secretariat for the national route development programme and as one of the key partners in developing the cooperation between the destinations of Greater Copenhagen.

Forming the foundation of the work of Wonderful Copenhagen is the unique brand essence of Copenhagen – an encompassing brand that is not confined to the regional geography of the capital region, but, rather, is to be shared by a broader geography and range of players. Shared within the metropolitan region of Greater Copenhagen, across the national tourism agenda, across industries and – most importantly – as shared by and between locals and travellers.

Before, the supply of information was limited and managed by a limited number of broadcasters. Today, information is created by everyone and is openly and freely available anytime and anywhere. Wonderful Copenhagen need to move beyond pure broadcasting and promotion of our destination to consumers. Instead, our focus will be on developing and spot-lighting the experiences that capture the authenticity of our destination, and then promote these experiences as part of our core brand stories through others, encouraging and enabling more people to tell the positive stories of the destination.

Working towards a new beginning, our mission is to strengthen the role of Wonderful Copenhagen as developer of our destination's experience of localhood: that which sets us apart and encourages more people to share and recommend us to others. We will focus on our role as professional enablers of a conversation about our destination and as facilitators of a strong and compelling brand essence.

We will develop our role as an incubator of change and accelerator of co-innovation, as a promoter of shared interests across relations, industries and geographies, and as an organization that takes responsibility in enabling localhood for everyone.

Wonderful Copenhagen will...

ENABLE OUR DESTINATION TO BE SHARED MORE



The five strategic coordinates of our new strategy will work as our GPS coordinates to keep us on course in a time of change and transition.

We are long past the days of writing a set four-year strategy as a fixed plan for the coming years. Instead, our new strategy provides a dynamic direction towards not only 2020, but also 2025 and even 2030.

We need to keep ourselves in check: are we moving in the right direction? Have circumstances changed that make adaptation necessary? Are we creating relevant value and benefit for our partners, visitors and locals? In a time of fast-paced change, our strategy sets out an ideal course, yet leaves room to define our means of getting there, the necessary detours and the nature of the end destination, which will constantly need to be challenged.

- 1. SHAREABILITY IS KING
- 2. ONCE ATTRACTED, TWICE VALUED
- 3. TOMORROW'S BUSINESS TODAY
- 4. CO-INNOVATION AT HEART
- 5. PEOPLE-BASED GROWTH

SHAREABILITY IS KING



With the proliferation of social media, information is now created by anyone and made available to everyone. Travellers look to peer recommendations from family, friends and their social circles – much like they always have, but today the scale of connectivity between people has taken on entirely new dimensions through digital social platforms, making word-of-mouth recommendations and the conversations they entail much more important to destination branding than ever before. Today, we as a DMO need to enable the relevant conversation through shareable destination moments and experiences, adding value through others to create a personal relationship with the brand essence – the localhood – of our destination.

This means we will

- Develop business intelligence to optimize community embracement of brand essence. We will deliver data insights on the sentiments of our visitors and the nature and quality of their engagement with the destination brand, including the initiation of new partnerships to boost our strategic use of data from digital platforms to optimize the reach of the conversation and community embracement of the brand core stories.
- Enable partners to develop shareable moments. We will enable our partners to develop and promote relevant experiences that lead to positive experiences for our visitors and generate shareable moments within our strategic brand framework: a framework that works within our

- own arena and as part of the inspirational universe of our partners, locals and travellers alike.
- Lead and encourage a 365-days-a-year storytelling. We will add value to the conversation about our destination by creating an emotional connection to our brand through content. We will focus our efforts on developing, sharing and encouraging content that matters and strengthens the human connection to our brand.
- Enable the right people to share the right experiences. We will work with the right people to reflect our brand core and lead more people along the path to purchase.

This means we will not

- Insist on putting our logo or even our official mark on everything.
- Go big and generic, but targeted in our brand messaging and marketing.
- **Engage in storytelling** that does not match our strategic brand framework.
- **Stay within our own arena** or wait for others to join us there. Traffic is not a goal in itself: relevant conversation and engagement is.

- The story works! When people interact with the brand message and engage in the conversation about our destination, leading them to the path to purchase.
- Our partners succeed! When our partners are able to create value from our shared branding framework to gain more business, the entire destination wins.



"I share personal content of local peculiarities, special spots of beauty and unknowns to promote Copenhagen through my Instagram followers."

(Thomas, Wonderful Copenhagen).

2017 ACTIVITIES

- **Develop a 365-days-a-year brand strategy** to share with partners and enable the right people to share the right experiences.
- **Deliver data insights to qualify the selection** of the right people and the right experiences to manifest our shared brand essence.
- **Discontinue the existing City Break Network** in order to refocus on enabling partners to execute targeted marketing within our shared branding framework.

OUR STAKEHOLDERS' PERSPECTIVE

Key results of Wonderful Copenhagen's 2016 Stakeholder Survey

Not just a promotional superstar!

Our stakeholders support a strengthened role for Wonderful Copenhagen in facilitating multiple promoters and advocates of our shared destination.

Don't leave us!

Our stakeholders are hesitant to see Wonderful Copenhagen in a purely enabling role. We need to clearly communicate our role in enabling and leading the conversation towards the path to purchase, demonstrating best practice and the results generated.

ONCE ATTRACTED, TWICE VALUED



Previously, as Destination *Marketing* Organization, the primary focus has long been on attracting more visitors. New digital sources of data allow us to move closer to visitors and engage beyond the initial attraction. Through updated insights of visitors' movement and consumption patterns, we can identify the weak points of our destination and its products, remove these roadblocks and generate more value from the visitors already attracted, improving their satisfaction and thereby increasing their propensity to recommend our destination and return for more.

This means we will

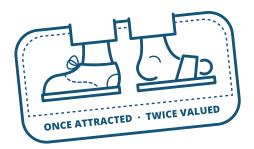
- Introduce big data insights to strengthen our understanding of visitors' barriers to consume and identify our destination's pain points. We will develop updated visitor insights based on new big data sources and capabilities, combining digital data with existing data sources to strengthen our shared understanding of visitors' barriers to consume and map out where friction occurs between our visitors and the positive experience of our destination.
- Remove barriers to our visitors' path to purchase. We will develop relevant experiences and

- products and promote them through relevant channels, targeting visitors.
- Target efforts at visitors of high conversion potential. We will identify visitors of high potential to convert for further and broader destination consumption.
- Introduce initiatives to boost the loyalty of visitors. We will work to increase our visitor retention and the propensity of our visitors to recommend our destination to others and return for repeat visits.

This means we will not

- Measure or be measured solely in terms of bed-nights or business attracted. We need more effective, insightful and relevant measures of success and value creation to reflect the contribution of our industry to society at large.
- Regard all travellers as disconnected segments between business and leisure, but rather, learn to see travellers as individuals or microsegments with their own motivations, cultural context and hence potential to be converted further along the path to purchase.

- We punch above the weight of our bed-nights!
 When the consumption generated is significantly higher than the number of bed-nights would directly imply.
- We increase the average length of stays and repeat visits! When efforts to inspire longer stays, encourage additional travel companionship and motivate repeat visitors manifest themselves in additional visits.



"I share Copenhagen not only as a preferred destination for business meetings and professional purposes, but also as an ideal spot for a personal break – in between meetings and just for fun." (Anna, Wonderful Copenhagen)

2017 ACTIVITIES

- **Carry out study of lost time** to identify bottlenecks and possible roadblocks on our visitors' path to further purchase.
- **Introduce a repeat-visit communication strategy** to promote relevant products and experiences in order to increase our number of repeat visitors.
- Identify methods to measure consumption, average length of stays, and repeat visits on a more updated basis.
- **Develop 'bleisure' initiatives** to convert attracted business travellers to leisure visitors.
- Advance 'Smart Event City' initiative to create broader value from large events attracted and smaller, recurring events.

OUR STAKEHOLDERS' PERSPECTIVE

Key results of Wonderful Copenhagen's 2016 Stakeholder Survey

Beyond bed-nights!

Our stakeholders support moving beyond bed-nights in measuring the industry's value creation and ours.

Business travellers are cultural too! The majority of our stakeholders clearly find the attraction of conferences and meetings most important among Wonderful Copenhagen's existing core business areas. Only cultural institutions see this as significantly less important, demonstrating the necessity of breaking down and working across traditional visitor segmentation to enable cultural institutions to gain more value from our destination's many business travellers.

We have yet to crack the code!

Feedback from our stakeholders clearly indicates that there is still some way to go for Wonderful Copenhagen to demonstrate a role in converting data to concrete business insights and development initiatives. The use of digital data to understand and strategically influence visitor destination consumption and sentiment will be key to our success, and measuring our results, in the coming four years.

TOMORROW'S BUSINESS TODAY



By 2020, international passenger arrivals are expected to reach 1.6 billion people globally. Driven by technological development, urbanization and growing domestic consumption, this increase in global travel will be driven by a new population of travellers, especially from the Asian region. Long-term investment is required today to ensure the business of these future growth markets tomorrow. We need to increase familiarity with our destination, ensure direct air accessibility and improve the availability of relevant products and experiences. However, it is not simply a question of increasing visitor numbers, but also focusing on the attraction of the most relevant business for our destination. We will need to strengthen our targeted efforts towards market segments with high growth potential for our destination.

This means we will

- Continue to attract new business. We will continue and strengthen our existing efforts to increase the number of visitors to Greater Copenhagen within our primary business areas of attracting meetings, conventions and events, as well as cruise lines and airlines, and we will introduce new market segments to these efforts to ensure longterm visitor growth.
- Strengthen efforts to increase air connectivity from overseas markets with a special focus on developing high-potential growth markets.
- Insist on our long-term responsibility. We will
 pursue our role as the caretaker of the destination's long-term growth perspectives, based on
 continuously updated trend and market research.
- Focus on markets with the highest business potential, including segments of long-term loyalty potential and markets of high average spending or with large-size meeting potential.

This means we will not

- Segment markets solely in terms of geography or demographics, but through focused analysis of high-potential market segments within and across national borders.
- Engage in activities to ensure short-term business or activities with less business potential, but, rather, enable our partners to actualise the direct business themselves to ensure more immediate profit.

We succeed when

- We are attracting the highest-potential market segments! When Copenhagen is first in class in competing for the favour of the highest-potential segments of new growth markets, beating other global brand destinations.
- The long-term market potential we invest in manifests itself in actual business for our partners! When our long-term investment and ef-

fort in developing a new growth market – in terms of increasing familiarity, ensuring air connectivity and leading high-potential travellers to the path to purchase – result in direct return on investment for our partners.



"I share the latest Chinese market trends and insights, tips and tricks on how best to serve your Chinese customers to enable our local partners to increase their return on investment from the Chinese travel market."

(Philip, Wonderful Copenhagen)

2017 ACTIVITIES

- **Introduce sales efforts aimed at new market segments** within the Chinese cruise and incentive travel market to attract more Chinese visitors.
- Convert more convention bids to business through implementation of the new 2020 Meetingplace strategy.
- **Focus Wonderful Copenhagen's new market efforts** on travel segments of high long-term potential to our destination.
- **Prioritize new growth markets** and new growth segments beyond geography (new market micro-segmentation).
- **Strengthen our air route development efforts** with the overall purpose of developing even stronger international connectivity at a both national and regional level in cooperation with existing and new public and private partners.

OUR STAKEHOLDERS' PERSPECTIVE

Key results of Wonderful Copenhagen's 2016 Stakeholder Survey

Business travel is important business!

Our stakeholders agree that the business of attracting conferences and meetings is not only important to the future growth of our destination, but also the top priority for Wonderful Copenhagen to continue with in coming years.

Long-term interests at heart!

Our stakeholders agree that Wonderful Copenhagen need to have the destination's overall and long-term development at heart. Yet, network members in particular would also like us to dedicate efforts to co-creating more immediate business from existing markets. The continued existence and management of networks like Meetingplace, the Cruise Copenhagen Network, the Cruise Baltic Network and Copenhagen Card will address this priority, while also introducing initiatives to ensure the long-term business potential from new growth markets.

CO-INNOVATION AT HEART



In today's fast-paced world of change and transition, digital revolution and consumer empowerment, the big fish no longer eat the small: instead, the fast fish eat the slow. The digital economy allows new players to enter the market, leaving innovation as an increasingly open process with broader involvement from many different participants. To Wonderful Copenhagen, collaborative networks have and continue to be a prevalent modus operandi in our work towards a shared target of attracting more business to Greater Copenhagen. However, to match our fast-paced surroundings, we need to ensure sufficient agility within our existing networks to think in new ways and adapt to our new competitive landscape.

This means we will

- Launch platform for co-innovation. We will develop a systematic way of innovating new solutions together with current and new partners. We will take lead in defining and scoping the right destination challenges, bringing in relevant data and the right human capabilities, and through well-designed processes strengthen our collective agility and ability to move this strategy from words to action as a destination.
- **Crowdsource ideas from many parties.** We will focus on an open idea process, where ideas are crowdsourced from many sources current partners and new industry players alike.
- Cultivate a culture of shared innovation and fast failures. We will develop a stronger organizational and collaborative culture of innovation, where experimenting and failing is accepted and even celebrated. As long as you fail fast and learn from it.

This means we will not

- Innovate for the sake of innovation. Innovation will always be aimed at converting ideas into concrete business and supporting the strategic direction as outlined in our 2020 strategy.
- Own the results. Initiatives or projects that come out of the innovation process. If proven viable and

valuable to partners and the public good, initiatives should either be integrated with the core business of Wonderful Copenhagen or become entrenched within the relevant market players.

- Ideas are converted to concrete business!
 When open innovation processes lead to ideas that generate new business for partners and add value to society in terms of growth and jobs.
- Existing networks prove their agility in innovating! When networks innovate within or between themselves, with new players or non-indus-
- try representatives in generating new insights and business for all.
- Wonderful Copenhagen prove relevant to more stakeholders! When we generate relevant value for a larger circle of partners, including new players both within and outside the travel industry.



"I share learnings from collaborative experiments with cultural institutions through a shared community platform to spread ideas, inspire new ones and enable others to experiment their way to a stronger business model themselves."

(Louise, Wonderful Copenhagen)

2017 ACTIVITIES

- **Introduce a new Astronaut initiative** in which Wonderful Copenhagen team members will create small satellites in new environments to seek inspiration and encourage stronger idea-sharing across industries, between partners or with new partners.
- **Strengthen our stakeholder relations structure** and overview to ensure more efficient knowledge sharing, coordination and agility across collaborative networks and between stakeholders.
- **Initiate new co-innovation platform** for systematic collaboration across and beyond networks, with current and new stakeholders, driving destination- and travel-related innovation.
- **Create a corps of trendspotters** within and outside the metropolitan region made up of locals and super travellers alike, recruited to keep us in check and on track, challenging our perspective on our destination and the new trends to which we need to adapt.

OUR STAKEHOLDERS' PERSPECTIVE

Key results of Wonderful Copenhagen's 2016 Stakeholder Survey

Agility to keep up!

Our stakeholders expect us to be agile enough to adapt to the fast-paced changes in our surroundings. The vast majority expect us to be relevant as a collaboration partner in the future, and while stakeholders generally support the network model, they are not blind to possible alternative future collaboration models.

Without collaboration, no innovation!

Though our stakeholders are hesitant to prioritize our role in relation to start-ups, non-industry partners or sharing economy representatives, some also point to the necessity of rethinking the role of Wonderful Copenhagen from one of long-term operator to incubator of innovation projects. Whether as incubator, instigator or partaker, we cannot innovate in a vacuum and need to engage openly with many and more to ensure the competitive and innovative development of our destination.

PEOPLE-BASED GROWTH



As one of the world's most livable cities and regions, Greater Copenhagen offers strong appeal to travellers, especially in an era of seeking out temporary localhood. Livability is intuitively entwined with the people living in it. The delivery of an authentic experience of a livable destination depends on the locals, while the livability of our destination in turn depends on the extent to which we ensure people-based growth and a destination in which locals interact with visitors in a way that is at least balanced and at best contributory to the livability of locals. While strengthening our efforts to attract more visitors, we increasingly need to do so from a people-based growth perspective: growing not only to increase the number of visitors, but also to expand the value of visitors both to society at large and on a human scale.

This means we will

- Ensure updated insights on interaction between visitors and locals. We will develop updated data and knowledge of visitor sentiment and interaction with locals, as well as the locals' sentiments and interaction with visitors in order to identify friction points.
- Engage more stakeholders in ensuring people-based growth. We will involve urban development stakeholders (public parties, city data platforms and urban planners) in ensuring the people-based growth of our destination and actively dissolving pain points of visitor pressure.
- Work to enable shareable moments between locals and visitors. We will identify relevant initiatives to enable positive encounters between visitors and locals.
- Achieve our ambition of the perfect match between urban and countryside. We will work to realize the shared Greater Copenhagen ambition to strengthen sustainable visitor growth and diversify the experiences of visitors.

This means we will not

- Grow for the sake of growth, but focus on enabling sustainable growth of our destination that is based on people and localhood.
- Ignore the urgent issues of visitor pressure in other European destinations! Though neither stakeholders nor citizens perceive the number of

visitors to be an urgent problem in our destination today, we will not put ourselves in the same reactive positions as our friends and colleagues in Berlin, Amsterdam and Barcelona. We will introduce proactive measures to ensure the continued sustainable co-development of visitor growth and local livability.

- Locals recognize the value of our visitors!
 When locals actively advocate for the value added by visitors to our urban diversity, cultural consumption and pride in our hometown.
- Visitors become active advocates for our destination! When we deliver a sense of localhood
- that allows visitors to integrate themselves in a unique local experience and return home as active recommenders of our destination to others.
- Sustainable growth is considered the only relevant kind of growth!



"I share new results co-created by our organization and partners to enhance the recognition of value added both to commercial stakeholders and to our society at large" (Uffe, Wonderful Copenhagen)

2017 ACTIVITIES

- Carry out annual visitor assessment research to understand their sentiment and
 potential friction points, including the appeal and nature of livability and localhood as our
 destination's selling points.
- **Carry out citizen assessment research** to stay updated on local sentiment towards visitors and the need for adaptive measures.
- Advance our corporate communication of the positive contribution of tourism
 to society, moving beyond bed-nights to a broader growth perspective, including the
 contribution of the visitor economy to the internationalization of society, export, cultural
 diversity, creativity and innovation.

OUR STAKEHOLDERS' PERSPECTIVE

Key results of Wonderful Copenhagen's 2016 Stakeholder Survey and Citizen Assessment Survey

Mass tourism not yet a massive issue!

Our stakeholders do not perceive mass tourism as an urgent and prioritized problem, but instead prefer continued efforts to attract more visitors. Our locals similarly welcome the prospect of more visitors (96%), although 7% are hesitant to see more visitors during peak season or accommodated in holiday flats (9.5%).

Our locals are willing ambassadors!

The locals of Copenhagen Capital region recognize the value added by visitors in internationalizing their hometown, creating a basis for a more diverse cultural scene, and in making them proud of their localhood. At the same time, 46% feel very or somewhat responsible for providing our visitors with a positive experience, while 17% feel only a limited or no responsibility. The majority of ideas proposed by locals, as part of our open strategy process, concern the delivery of a positive experience of localhood specifically – gaining more access to local recommendations or easier access to experiencing local lifestyle.

2020 MARKS OF SUCCESS

Leaving room for adaptation, detours and gamechangers in a time of disruption and redefinition, we will need to keep ourselves in check by steering according to our five new strategic coordinates and aiming for the realization of key overall objectives.

The key objectives are aimed at measuring the value added to three overall target groups: our society, our visitors and our locals.

All three are closely interrelated.

MARK OF SUCCESS #1: SOCIO-ECONOMIC REVENUE OF DKK 49+ BILLION BASELINE 2016: 41+ BILLION

This mark of success is based on Visit Denmark's calculations of tourism revenue in 2014 and our own estimate of bed-night growth in the Capital Region, based on historical growth. The mark of success also considers national 2025 growth expectations for commercial and non-commercial bed-nights.

The plus sign in the numbers reflects our aim to generate more value from visitors attracted, generating more revenue than the number of bed-nights would imply.

The plus sign also marks our shift in focus from tourism-economic to socio-economic revenue, refocusing on our industry as one of broader societal impact.

Today, we have limited means and methods to measure this broader value, nor do we have updated or accurate revenue numbers. Our goal is to be able to monitor revenue more closely, on a more updated basis and in a broader societal perspective.

MARK OF SUCCESS #2: VISITORS' INTENTION TO RECOMMEND: 77% BASELINE 2016: 73%

The inclination of visitors to recommend us is the most important indicator of their satisfaction with their stay. As part of our new strategy, our focus will essentially shift to promoting our destination through, not to others. With personal recommendations and word of mouth as key influencing factors, our ability to facilitate the positive and shareable moments that en-

courage post-visit recommendations will be essential.

The Travelsat Competitive Index by TCI Research (approved by UNWTO and the European Travel Commission) indicates the intention of visitors to recommend our destination to others after their visit. The index is also used by VisitDenmark. TCI Research suggests an ambitious mark of success of 77% of visitors to our destination leaving with the intention to recommend. This mark of success is based on historical development, taking into account that expensive destinations generally have difficulty raising their score due to price levels.

MARK OF SUCCESS #3: CITIZENS' SUPPORT OF VISITOR GROWTH >80% BASELINE 2016: N/A

People-based growth and the support of our locals are key to achieving our 2020 vision. We will introduce frequent studies to measure the sentiments of the locals towards visitors, identifying friction points and directing efforts at mitigating them.

The mark of success is that more than 80% of citizens support to visitor growth. This mark is based on the results of the studies carried out as part of our 2016 strategy process. These results indicate strong local support for the industry and the value added by visitors to the respondents' hometown.

Of citizens in the Capital Region, 98% believe that tourism contributes positively to the region, while 78.7% of citizens in the city of Copenhagen believe – without reservation – that we have room for more visitors. To continue our growth, we need to ensure that the citizens of our entire region remain supporters of this growth.

LOCALHOOD FOR EVERYONE

WE WILL ENABLE OUR DESTINATION TO BE SHARED MORE NOISSIM

STRATEGIC COORDINATES

1. SHAREABILITY

- to optimize community
- _ead and encourage

2. ONCE ATTRACTED, TWICE VALUED

- to identify visitors' barriers visitors and our destination
- visitors' path to purchase.

larget efforts at visitors of

- Carry out lost-time study
- communication strategy Introduce repeat-visitor

Develop new measurement

Develop 'bleisure' initiatives methods Advance 'Smart Event City

initiatives.

Discontinue City Break Deliver data insights to qualify selection of influencers brand strategy Develop 365-days-a-year

BUSINESS TODAY 3. TOMORROW'S

- attract new business.
- Insist on our long-term

- Introduce Astronaut initiative
- Strengthen our stakeholder relations structure
- Create a corps of trends-Initiate co-innovation platform
- potters.

Prioritize new growth markets

Strengthen air connectivity

efforts.

Focus on high-potential

incentive markets in Chinese cruise and

segments

Introduce sales efforts

AT HEART 4. CO-INNOVATION

5. PEOPLE-BASED GROWTH

- interaction between visitors
- in ensuring people-based

perfect match between urban

- Carry out annual visitor and
- Advance our corporate citizen assessments communication of the tourism to society. positive contribution of

2020 MARKS OF SUCCESS

IN SOCIO-ECONOMIC REVENUE

7% **VISITORS**

HAVE INTENTION TO RECOMMEND

†**30**%

SUPPORT VISITOR GROWTH

A NEW BEGINNING OF

LOCALHOOD

STARTS NOW



